

Measurement of Reservoir Water Levels

The **standard D50 gauge board** is broken down into 0.1m (10cm) sections separated by long black lines. Each of the smaller black lines or white gaps in-between represents 1cm (0.01m).

The simplest method of recording water level is to pick the long black line that is closest to the water level then count down the number of black lines (including the long black one) and white gaps until you reach water level. Subtract the number of centimetres away from the selected 10cm unit.

For example: A water level represented by the blue line would be 0.6 (60cm) minus 3 x 1cm = 0.57m

